

Medical Emergency

11004.1 MEDICAL EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

(a) Inmates

1. Medical emergencies involving inmates should be handled with caution. Deputies shall not enter a cell until sufficient personnel are present.
2. Prior to entering a cell, Deputies will direct all inmates to sit on the floor or benches in an area away from the ill or injured inmate.
 - i. Universal precaution should be used when assisting any injured person. For additional information refer to OCSD Policy Manual (Lexipol) Section 1016.1 – Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan.
3. Paramedics will be requested to provide medical aid for all medical emergencies.
4. A Deputy will be assigned to collect all pertinent information and provide the paramedics with the name and age of the inmate including any information known concerning the inmate's medical history and prescribed medication.
 - i. For additional information refer to CCOM Section 2106 – Sick Call/Hospital Referrals.
 - ii. If the booking records or court documents were not available at the time the inmate was transported, the responsible detention Deputy shall ensure that the records or documents are obtained and promptly forwarded to Inmate Records.
5. The Detention Sergeant will contact Correctional Health Services (CHS) and inform them of the emergency and the name of the medical facility where the inmate was taken.
6. The Detention Sergeant will make arrangements with the Jail Operations Sergeant where the inmate is housed to have the Security Deputy relieved if the inmate is admitted to the hospital.
 - i. If the inmate was received from a local police agency, and the inmate has not yet been sentenced or remanded to the custody of the Sheriff, arrangements for relieving the Hospital Security Deputy will be made with the local police agency.
7. When the inmate's treatment is complete, the inmate will be returned to the court holding facility so that the inmate may appear in court and be transported to the county jail by Sheriff's Transportation. If the court holding facility is closed, the inmate will be transported to the IRC.
 - i. Prior to leaving the hospital, the inmate will again be searched for weapons.
 - ii. A caged vehicle is required for the transportation of all inmates.
8. A Department Report (DR) number will be drawn with a Casualty Report completed by the assigned staff member with copies distributed to:

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- i. Original and a copy to North Operations Division.
 - ii. Housing Sergeant at the jail
 - iii. Daily Detention File
 - iv. OCJ - Correctional Medical Services
 - v. Medical records received from the medical facility will be attached to the copy of the report sent to Correctional Medical Services.
- (b) Civilians/Staff
 - 1. Paramedics will be requested to provide medical aid for all medical emergencies.
 - i. Universal precaution should be used when assisting any injured person. For additional information refer to OCSD Policy Manual (Lexipol) Section 1016.1 – Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan.
 - 2. Do not move the victim unless exigent circumstances exist prior to the arrival of paramedics.
 - 3. A Deputy will be assigned to collect all pertinent information if possible and provide the paramedics with the name and age of the victim including any information known concerning the victims medical history and prescribed medication.
 - 4. A Department Report (DR) number will be drawn with a Casualty Report completed by the assigned staff member and distributed to:
 - i. Original and a Copy to North Operations
- (c) Juror Illness or Injury
 - 1. Refer to CCOM Section 10009.7 – Juror Illness or Injury.

11004.2 INMATE DEATHS

- (a) If a death occurs within a court holding facility Deputies will immediately implement the following procedure:
 - 1. Notify the Detention Supervisor and Justice Center Lieutenant immediately.
 - 2. Paramedics shall be requested
 - 3. Allow no one in the immediate area except emergency medical personnel and the assigned investigators.
 - 4. Stop all inmate movement until approved by the Justice Center Lieutenant or his designee.
 - 5. Death of a Minor
 - i. In any case in which a minor dies while detained in a jail, lockup, or court holding facility:
 - A. The administrator of the facility shall provide to the Board of State and Community Corrections (BSCC) a copy of the report submitted

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to the Attorney General. A copy of the report shall be submitted within 10 calendar days after the death.

- B. Upon receipt of a report of death of a minor from the administrator, the BSCC may within 30 calendar days inspect and evaluate the jail, lockup, or court holding facility.
6. For additional information and guidance refer to CCOM Section 2114 – Inmate Death or Serious Illness/Injury.
- (b) The Justice Center Lieutenant will make the following notifications in addition to those listed in CCOM Section 2114 – Inmate Death or Serious Illness/Injury:
 1. Presiding/Supervising Judge for the Justice Center
 2. Court Administrator
 3. [REDACTED]

11004.3 SUICIDE PREVENTION

For procedures refer to the OCSD Policy Manual (Lexipol) Section 903 - Suicide Prevention.

11004.4 MEDICATION

- (a) Topical Medications
 1. Analgesic balm in 1oz plastic tube
 2. Benzoyl peroxide gel 10% in 1oz plastic tube and 1.5oz plastic tube (dependent on what is available from our wholesaler)
 3. Clindamycin Solution 1% 30ml
 4. Hydrocortisone Cream 1% 1oz plastic tube and 1.5 gram foil packs
 5. Miconazole Cream 2% 1oz plastic tube
 6. Permethrin Cream 5% 60 gram
 7. Triple Antibiotic Ointment 1oz plastic tube and 0.9 gram foil packs
 8. If a prescription cream/ointment/shampoo is ordered and is not available in an acceptable plastic tube, it will be dispensed in the medication cup and labeled by pharmacy.
- (b) Oral Medications
 1. Acetaminophen 325mg 2 tablets/packet.
 2. Alamag Plus (Mylanta) 2 tablets/packet.
 3. Diotame (PeptoBismol) 262mg 2 tablets/packet.
 4. Calcium Carbonate 420/168mg 2 tablets/packet.
 5. Ibuprofen (Advil) 200mg 2 tablets/packet.

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6. Chlorpheniramine/Phenylephrine (Actifed replaced with Allerest PE) 4mg/10mg tablets.
 - i. All of the above except Alamag is currently sent out for self-carry in all areas.
 - ii. All of these are acceptable and clearly labeled per packet or box.
- (c) Inhalers
 1. Albuterol Inhaler
- (d) Miscellaneous Items
 1. Contact Lens Solutions:
 - i. ReNu for soft contact lens.
 - ii. Boston for hard contact lens.
 - iii. Aquify for silicone lens.
 - A. If it comes with a hard contact lens case, ok to give it. Otherwise, we send out soft plastic lens cases.
 2. Artificial Tears Solution 15ml.
 3. Nitroglycerin 1/150gr Sublingual Tablets in glass container containing 25 tablets.
 4. Metamucil Powder Packets.
 5. Normal Saline Nasal Spray 15ml.
 6. Effergrip Denture Adhesive Cream 2.5oz plastic tube.
- (e) COMMENTS:
 1. All prescriptions dispensed by the pharmacy for self-carry will have a green dot on the zip lock bag.
 - i. This tells OCSD that the inmate is allowed to Self-Carry these medications throughout all facilities and should not be taken away when the inmate is transferred between facilities.
 2. Over the counter (OTC) medications handed out by the nurse will not have a prescription label but will be labeled with the name and booking number of the inmate.
 3. All prescriptions and OTC medications for self-carry will be accompanied by documentation from nursing.
 4. All inmates going to court and/or released should be allowed to take their self-carry medications with them.
- (f) Other Self-Carry Prescription Medications Given to Inmates in the Morning

The following medications are given by the nurse each morning to the patient for that day's meals and the patient will self-administer at each meal time.

- (a) Phosphate Binders

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- i. Calcium acetate (PhosLo) 667mg oral capsules.
- ii. Lanthanum carbonate (Fosrenol) 500mg oral tablets.
- iii. Sevelamer carbonate (Renagel) 400mg oral tablets.
 - A. These medications must be administered at meal times in order to be effective in limiting the amount of phosphate absorption in renal dialysis patients.
- (b) Pancreatic Enzymes
 - i. Pancrelipase (Pancreaze) contains lipase/protease/ and amylase.
 - A. These medications must be administered at meal times in order to be effective in providing the needed enzymes for digestion.
- (c) Lactase Enzyme
 - i. Lactase (Lactaid) tablets contains lactase enzyme which are lacking in some patients and needed for digestion of lactose containing foods.